

Claim Amendments

We claim:

1. (Currently amended) A ~~computational component configured~~ method for signal processing comprising:
 - ~~performing at least a first fast Walsh transform on a first set of magnitudes to obtain a result, wherein said set of magnitudes contains a number of magnitudes that is equal to a number of chips in a longest valid symbol;~~
 - performing at least a first fast Walsh transform on a first set of magnitudes to obtain a result, wherein said set of magnitudes contains a number of magnitudes that is equal to a number of chips in a longest valid symbol;
 - modifying the said result to obtain a first modified result; and
 - storing a result of said performing at least a first fast Walsh transform in a first register;
 - ~~comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said at least a first fast Walsh transform to a threshold value; and~~
 - ~~replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said first fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain a first modified result.~~
 - performing at least a second fast Walsh transform on the said first modified result to obtain a second modified result.
2. (Currently Amended) The ~~computational component method of Claim 1, configured for storing said first modified result in said first register where~~ modifying the said result comprises:
 - storing a result of said performing a first fast Walsh transform in a first register;
 - comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said at least a first fast Walsh transform to a threshold value; and
 - replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said first fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain a modified result.

3. (Currently Amended) The ~~computational component~~ method of Claim 1, further ~~configured for~~ where said set of magnitudes contains a number of magnitudes that is equal to the number of chips in a longest valid symbol.
 - ~~performing at least a second fast Walsh transform on said first modified result;~~
 - ~~storing a result of performing said at least a second fast Walsh transform in said first register;~~
 - ~~comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said second fast Walsh transform to said threshold value; and~~
 - ~~replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said at least a second fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain a second modified result.~~
4. (Currently Amended) The ~~computational component~~ method of Claim 3, configured for storing said second modified result in said first register.
5. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 24, further configured for:
 - performing an $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform on a previously calculated modified result;
 - storing a result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform in a register;
 - comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform to said threshold value;
 - replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain an $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified result;
 - performing an n^{th} fast Walsh transform on said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified result;
 - storing a result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform in a register;

comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform to said threshold value; and

replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain an n^{th} modified result.

6. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 5, configured for storing said results of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ and said n^{th} fast Walsh transforms in said first register.
7. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 6, configured for not storing said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform in said first register simultaneously with said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform.
8. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 5, wherein said register in which each of said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified result and said n^{th} modified result is stored in comprises said first register.
9. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 5, wherein said previously calculated modified result comprises said first modified result.
10. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 5, further configured for:

storing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is not less than said threshold value in a second register; and

storing a zero for magnitudes comprising said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is less than said threshold value in said second register, wherein said second register comprises a number of magnitudes that is equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.

11. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 10, wherein said storing a zero comprises replacing magnitudes stored in said second register having a magnitude that is not greater than said threshold value with a zero.
12. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 10, wherein said n^{th} fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of a valid length.

13. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 10, further configured for:
- storing said magnitude comprising said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is greater than said threshold value in a third register; and
 - storing a zero for magnitudes comprising said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is not greater than said threshold value in said third register, wherein said third register comprises a number of magnitudes that is equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.
14. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 13, wherein said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of at least a minimum valid length.
15. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 10, wherein said second register comprises a number of values equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.
16. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 13, further configured for:
- adding said value in said second register to a product equal to said value in said third register multiplied by 2 to obtain a composite interference vector.
17. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 16, wherein said n^{th} fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of a maximum valid length.
18. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 16, further configured for:
- applying said composite interference vector to a received signal stream to create an interference canceled signal stream.
19. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 24, wherein said threshold value is derived from a magnitude of a selected received channel within a signal stream from which said first set of magnitudes are obtained.

20. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 24, wherein said threshold value comprises a value derived from a magnitude of a sync channel.
21. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 24, wherein said threshold value is equal to said magnitude of a sync channel.
22. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 24, wherein said threshold value is a preselected value.
23. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 24, wherein n is a number of fast Walsh transforms performed and is equal to $\log N$, where N is the number of valid traffic channels.
24. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 1, comprising a computer readable storage medium containing instructions.
25. (Currently Amended) The method ~~computational component~~ of Claim 1, comprising a logic circuit.
26. (Currently Amended) A method for calculating interference calculation values, comprising:
 - receiving a signal stream comprising a plurality of channels;
 - despreading said signal stream by applying a despreading code;
 - obtaining a first number of chip values from said despread signal stream;
 - ~~wherein said first number is equal to a number of chips included in a longest valid symbol;~~
 - performing a fast Walsh transform on said first number of chip values to obtain a first set of transformed values, wherein said first set of transformed values ~~result~~ includes a first number of elements equal to said first number of chip values;
 - modifying the said first set of transformed values to create a first modified set of values; and
 - performing at least a second fast Walsh transform on said first modified set of values to create a second modified set of values.
 - ~~comparing a value of each of said first number of elements of said first set of transformed values to a threshold; and~~

~~creating a first modified set of values, wherein for each element of said first set of transformed values:~~

~~in response to a first result of said comparison, a value of said element is changed to a zero;~~

~~in response to a second result of said comparison, a value of said element is not changed to a zero.~~

27. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 26, wherein modifying the said first set of transformed values comprises:

comparing a value of each of said first number of elements of said first set of transformed values to a threshold; and

creating a first modified set of values, wherein for each element of said first set of transformed values:

in response to a first result of said comparison, a value of said element is ~~not~~ changed to zero;

in response to a second result of said comparison, leaving said value of said element intact.

~~said not replacing a value of said element with a zero comprises leaving said value of said element intact.~~

28. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 26, ~~further comprising~~ wherein modifying the said first set of transformed values comprises:

performing a fast Walsh transform on a previously created modified set of values to obtain an $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ set of transformed values, wherein said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ set of transformed values includes said first number of elements;

comparing a value of each of said first number of elements of said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ set of transformed values to a threshold;

creating an $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified set of values, wherein for each element of said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ set of transformed values:

in response to a first result of said comparison, a value of said element is changed to a zero; and

in response to a second result of said comparison, a value of said element is not changed to a zero.

29. (Original) The method of Claim 28, wherein said previously created modified set of values comprises said first result.

30. (Original) The method of Claim 28, further comprising:

performing a fast Walsh transform on said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified set of values to obtain an n^{th} set of transformed values, wherein said n^{th} set of transformed values includes said first number of elements;

comparing a value of each of said first number of elements of said n^{th} set of transformed values to a threshold;

creating an n^{th} modified set of values, wherein for each element of said n^{th} set of transformed values:

in response to a first result of said comparison, a value of said element is changed to a zero; and

in response to a second result of said comparison, a value of said element is not changed to a zero.

31. (Original) The method of Claim 30, further comprising:

creating a first composite interference vector component, wherein a value of each element of said n^{th} modified set of values is compared to a threshold, and wherein for each element of said n^{th} modified set of values:

in response to a first result of said comparison, not changing a value of said element to a zero, and

in response to a second result of said comparison, changing a value of said element to a zero.

32. (Original) The method of Claim 31, further comprising:

creating a second composite interference vector component, wherein a value of each element of said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified set of values is compared to a threshold, and wherein for each element of said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified set of values:

in response to a first result of said comparison, not changing a value of said element to a zero, and

in response to a second result of said comparison, changing a value of said element to a zero.

33. (Original) The method of Claim 32, further comprising:

combining said first and second composite interference vector components to one another to create a composite interference vector.

34. (Original) The method of Claim 32, further comprising:

scaling said second composite interference vector component to obtain a scaled second composite interference vector component; and

adding said first composite interference vector component to said scaled second composite interference vector component to obtain a composite interference vector.

35. (Original) The method of Claim 34, further comprising:

projecting said composite interference vector onto a received signal stream to obtain an interference cancelled signal.

36. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 26, wherein said first number of chip values is equal to a number of chips included in a longest valid symbol. ~~wherein said changing a value of an element comprises replacing said value in a register.~~

37. (Original) An apparatus for determining communication channel values, comprising:

means for receiving a signal path;

means for performing at least a first fast Walsh transform on a selected set of element amplitudes that is one of received as part of said signal path or received as part of said signal path and modified, wherein a first set of modified element amplitudes is obtained;

means for comparing said first set of modified element amplitudes to a threshold; and

first means for storing a channel estimate, wherein said channel estimate includes an element amplitude for an element having an amplitude that does not exceed said threshold and a zero for an element having an amplitude that exceeds said threshold.

38. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 37, wherein said selected set of element amplitudes is modified by providing said selected set of elements to means for performing a fast Walsh transform prior to providing said resulting modified element amplitudes to said means for performing at least a first fast Walsh transform.
39. (Currently amended) The apparatus of Claim 37, further comprising:
means for performing at least a ~~first~~ second fast Walsh transform on said channel estimate, wherein a second set of modified element amplitudes is obtained.
40. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 39, further comprising:
means for comparing said second set of modified element amplitudes to a threshold.
41. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 37, further comprising:
means for storing an interference vector precursor, wherein said interference vector precursor includes an element amplitude for an element having an amplitude that exceeds said threshold and a zero for an element having an amplitude that does not exceed said threshold.
42. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 41, further comprising:
means for performing at least a first fast Walsh transform on said interference vector precursor to obtain an interference vector.
43. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 42, further comprising:
means for storing said interference vector.
44. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 42, further comprising:
means for scaling an interference vector.
45. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 44, further comprising means for combining a plurality of interference vectors to form a composite interference vector.
46. (Currently amended) A receiver device, comprising:
a despreader operable to despread a received signal to produce a despread signal;
a carrier phase recovery module coupled to the despreader;

- a fast Walsh transform module operable to perform a selected fast Walsh transform stage on ~~a set of values; the output of the carrier phase recovery module;~~
 - a comparator operable to compare each value output from said fast Walsh transform module to a threshold;
 - a first memory register operable to store element values output from said comparator as having a value less than said threshold; and
 - a second memory register operable to store element values output from said comparator as having a value not less than said threshold.
47. (Original) The device of Claim 46, wherein said comparator is additionally operable to output a zero for storing in said first memory register in place of element values having a value greater than said threshold.
48. (Original) The device of Claim 46, wherein said comparator is additionally operable to output a zero for storing in said second memory register in place of element values having a value less than said threshold.
49. (Original) The device of Claim 46, further comprising:
- a multiplexer operable to provide said element values stored in said second memory to said fast Walsh transform module, said fast Walsh transform module additionally being operable to perform at least a first fast Walsh transform on said stored element values to obtain an interference vector.
50. (Currently amended) The device of Claim 49, further comprising:
- sealar a scaler operable to multiply said interference vector by a selected value.
51. (Original) The device of Claim 50, further comprising a summer operable to add a plurality of scaled interference vectors to obtain a composite interference vector.
52. (Currently amended) A computer program stored in a computer readable storage medium containing instructions configured for:
- performing ~~at least~~ a first fast Walsh transform on a first set of magnitudes, ~~wherein said set of magnitudes contains a number of magnitudes that is equal to a number of chips in a longest valid symbol;~~

modifying the result obtained by said performing at least a first Walsh transform to obtain a first modified result; and

performing at least a second fast Walsh transform on the said modified result to obtain a second modified result.

~~storing a result of said performing at least a first fast Walsh transform in a first register;~~

~~comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said at least a first fast Walsh transform to a threshold value; and~~

~~replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said first fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain a first modified result.~~

53. (Currently amended) The computer program of Claim 52, wherein set of magnitudes contains a number of magnitudes that is equal to a number of chips in a longest valid symbol.

~~wherein the instructions are configured for storing said first modified result in said first register.~~

54. (Currently amended) The computer program-readable storage medium of Claim 52, where modifying the result comprises ~~wherein the instructions are further configured for:~~

storing a result of said performing at least a first fast Walsh transform in a first register;

comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said at least a first fast Walsh transform to a threshold value; and

replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said first fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain a first modified result.

~~performing at least a second fast Walsh transform on said first modified result;~~

~~storing a result of performing said at least a second fast Walsh transform in said first register;~~

~~comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said second fast Walsh transform to said threshold value; and replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said at least a second fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain a second modified result.~~

55. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 54, wherein the instructions are configured for storing said second modified result in said first register.

56. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 52, wherein the instructions are further configured for:

performing an $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform on a previously calculated modified result;

storing a result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform in a register;

comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform to said threshold value;

replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain an $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified result;

performing an n^{th} fast Walsh transform on said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified result;

storing a result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform in a register;

comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform to said threshold value; and

replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain an n^{th} modified result.

57. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 56, wherein the instructions are configured for storing said results of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ and said n^{th} fast Walsh transforms in said first register.

58. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 57, wherein the instructions are configured for not storing said result of performing said (n-1)th fast Walsh transform in said first register simultaneously with said result of performing said nth fast Walsh transform.
59. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 56, wherein said register in which each of said (n-1)th modified result and said nth modified result is stored in comprises said first register.
60. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 56, wherein said previously calculated modified result comprises said first modified result.
61. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim ~~56~~52, wherein the instructions are further configured for:
- storing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said nth fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is not less than said threshold value in a second register; and
 - storing a zero for magnitudes comprising said result of performing said nth fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is less than said threshold value in said second register, wherein said second register comprises a number of magnitudes that is equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.
62. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 61, wherein said storing a zero comprises replacing magnitudes stored in said second register having a magnitude that is not greater than said threshold value with a zero.
63. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 61, wherein said nth fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of a valid length.
64. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 61, wherein the instructions are further configured for:
- storing said magnitude comprising said result of performing said (n-1)th fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is greater than said threshold value in a third register; and

storing a zero for magnitudes comprising said result of performing said (n-1)th fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is not greater than said threshold value in said third register, wherein said third register comprises a number of magnitudes that is equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.

65. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 64, wherein said (n-1)th fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of at least a minimum valid length.
66. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 61, wherein said second register comprises a number of values equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.
67. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 64, wherein the instructions are further configured for:
- adding said value in said second register to a product equal to said value in said third register multiplied by 2 to obtain a composite interference vector.
68. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 67, wherein said nth fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of a maximum valid length.
69. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 67, wherein the instructions are further configured for:
- applying said composite interference vector to a received signal stream to create an interference canceled signal stream.
70. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim ~~5452~~, wherein said threshold value is derived from a magnitude of a selected received channel within a signal stream from which said first set of magnitudes are obtained.
71. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim ~~5452~~, wherein said threshold value comprises a value derived from a magnitude of a sync channel.
72. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim ~~5452~~, wherein said threshold value is equal to said magnitude of a sync channel.

73. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim ~~54~~52, wherein said threshold value is a preselected value.
74. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 52, wherein n is a number of fast Walsh transforms performed and is equal to $\log N$, where N is the number of valid traffic channels.
75. (Currently amended) The computer ~~program-readable storage medium~~ of Claim 52, comprising a logic circuit.
76. (Currently amended) A method implemented in a logic circuit configured for:
- performing at least a first fast Walsh transform on a first set of magnitudes, wherein said set of magnitudes contains a number of magnitudes that is equal to a number of chips in a longest valid symbol;
 - storing a result of said performing at least a first fast Walsh transform in a first register;
 - comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said at least a first fast Walsh transform to a threshold value; and
 - ~~storing-replacing~~ each magnitude of said stored result of performing said first fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value ~~with a zero~~ to obtain a first modified result.
77. (Currently amended) The method ~~logic circuit~~ of Claim 76, configured for storing said first modified result in said first register.
78. (Currently amended) The method ~~logic circuit~~ of Claim 76, further configured for:
- performing at least a second fast Walsh transform on said first modified result to obtain a second modified result;
 - ~~storing a result of performing said at least a second fast Walsh transform in said first register;~~
 - ~~comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said second fast Walsh transform to said threshold value; and~~
 - ~~replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said at least a second fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain a second modified result.~~

79. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 78, configured for storing said second modified result in said first register.
80. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 76, further configured for:
- performing an $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform on a previously calculated modified result;
 - storing a result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform in a register;
 - comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform to said threshold value;
 - replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain an $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified result;
 - performing an n^{th} fast Walsh transform on said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified result;
 - storing a result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform in a register;
 - comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform to said threshold value; and
 - replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain an n^{th} modified result.
81. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 80, configured for storing said results of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ and said n^{th} fast Walsh transforms in said first register.
82. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 81, configured for not storing said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform in said first register simultaneously with said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform.
83. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 80, wherein said register in which each of said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ modified result and said n^{th} modified result is stored in comprises said first register.
84. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 80, wherein said previously calculated modified result comprises said first modified result.
85. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 76, further configured for:

storing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is not less than said threshold value in a second register; and

storing a zero for magnitudes comprising said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is less than said threshold value in said second register, wherein said second register comprises a number of magnitudes that is equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.

86. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 85, wherein said storing a zero comprises replacing magnitudes stored in said second register having a magnitude that is not greater than said threshold value with a zero.

87. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 85, wherein said n^{th} fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of a valid length.

88. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 85, further configured for:
storing said magnitude comprising said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is greater than said threshold value in a third register; and

storing a zero for magnitudes comprising said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is not greater than said threshold value in said third register, wherein said third register comprises a number of magnitudes that is equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.

89. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 88, wherein said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of at least a minimum valid length.

90. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 85, wherein said second register comprises a number of values equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.

91. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic circuit~~ of Claim 88, further configured for:
adding said value in said second register to a product equal to said value in said third register multiplied by 2 to obtain a composite interference vector.

92. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic-circuit~~ of Claim 91, wherein said n^{th} fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of a maximum valid length.
93. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic-circuit~~ of Claim 91, further configured for:
applying said composite interference vector to a received signal stream to create an interference canceled signal stream.
94. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic-circuit~~ of Claim 76, wherein said threshold value is derived from a magnitude of a selected received channel within a signal stream from which said first set of magnitudes are obtained.
95. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic-circuit~~ of Claim 76, wherein said threshold value comprises a value derived from a magnitude of a sync channel.
96. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic-circuit~~ of Claim 76, wherein said threshold value is equal to said magnitude of a sync channel.
97. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic-circuit~~ of Claim 76, wherein said threshold value is a preselected value.
98. (Currently amended) The ~~method-logic-circuit~~ of Claim 76, wherein n is a number of fast Walsh transforms performed and is equal to $\log N$, where N is the number of valid traffic channels.